



City of Madison Application Checklist for Stormwater Management Approval (to be completed by Applicant)

Project Name:

General Location:

File Number (completed by Office):

Date Completed:

1. Notice of Intent

Completed Notice of Intent -- State Form #47487

2. Construction Plans

Project narrative and supporting documents, including the following information:

An index indicating the location, in the construction plans, of all information required by this subsection.

Description of the nature and purpose of the project.

A copy of a legal boundary survey for the site, performed in accordance with Rule 12 of Title 865 of the Indiana Administrative Code or any applicable and subsequently adopted rule or regulation for the subdivision limits, including all drainage easements and wetlands.

Soil properties, characteristics, limitations, and hazards associated with the project site and the measures that will be integrated into the project to overcome or minimize adverse soil conditions.

General construction sequence of how the project site will be built, including phases of construction.

14-Digit Watershed Hydrologic Unit Code.

A reduced plat or project site map showing the lot numbers, lot boundaries, easements, and road layout and names. The reduced map must be legible and submitted on a sheet or sheets no larger than eleven (11) inches by seventeen (17) inches for all phases or sections of the project site.

A topographic map of the land to be developed and such adjoining land whose topography may affect the layout or drainage of the development. The contour intervals shall be one (1) foot when slopes are less than or equal to two percent (<2%) and shall be two (2) feet when slopes exceed two percent (>2%). All elevations shall be given in either National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD) or North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD). The horizontal datum of topographic map shall be based on Indiana State Plane Coordinates, NAD83. The map will contain a notation indicating these datum information.

a) If the project site is less than or equal to two (2) acres in total land area, the topographic map shall include all topography of land surrounding the site to a distance of at least one hundred (100) feet.

b) If the project site is greater than two (2) acres in total land area, the topographic map shall include all topography of land surrounding the site to a distance of at least two hundred (200) feet.

	Identification of any other state or federal water quality permits that are required for			
	construction activities associated with the owner's project site.			
	Proof of Errors and Omissions Insurance for the registered professional engineer or			
	licensed surveyor showing a minimum amount of \$1,000,000 in coverage.			
	Vicinity map depicting the project site location in relationship to recognizable local landmarks,			
	other municipalities, and major roads, such as a USGS topographic quadrangle map, or			
	county or municipal road map.			
	An existing project site layout that must include the following information:			
	Location, name, and normal water level of all wetlands, lakes, ponds, and water courses			
	on, or adjacent to, the project site.			
	Location of all existing structures on the project site.			
	One hundred (100) year floodplains, floodway fringes, and floodways. Please note if			
	none exists.			
	Soil map of the predominant soil types, as determined by the United States Department			
	of Agriculture (USDA), Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Soil Survey, or			
	as determined by a soil scientist. Hydrologic classification for soils should be shown			
	when hydrologic methods requiring soils information are used. A soil legend must be			
	included with the soil map.			
	Identification and delineation of vegetative cover such as grass, weeds, brush, and trees			
	on the project site.			
	Location of storm, sanitary, combined sewer, and septic tank systems and outfalls.			
	Land use of all adjacent properties.			
	Identification and delineation of sensitive areas.			
	Existing topography at a contour interval appropriate to indicate drainage patterns.			
	The location of regulated drains, farm drains, inlets and outfalls, if any of record.			
	Location of all existing cornerstones within the proposed development and a plan to			
	protect and preserve them.			
	Final project site layout, including the following information:			
	Location of all proposed site improvements, including roads, utilities, lot delineation and			
	identification, proposed structures, and common areas.			
	One hundred (100) year floodplains, floodway fringes, and floodways. Please note if			
	none exists.			
	Proposed final topography, at a contour interval appropriate to indicate drainage			
	patterns.			
	A grading plan, including the following information:			
	Delineation of all proposed land disturbing activities, including off-site activities that will			
	provide services to the project site.			
	Location of all soil stockpiles and borrow areas.			
	Information regarding any off-site borrow, stockpile, or disposal areas that are associated			
	with a project site, and under the control of the project site owner.			
-	Existing and proposed topographic information.			
	A drainage plan, including the following information:			
	An estimate of the peak discharge, based on the ten (10) year storm event, of the project			
	site for post-construction conditions.			
	The proposed 100-year and 10-year release rates determined for the site, showing the			
	methodology used to calculate them and detailing considerations given to downstream			
	restrictions (if any) that may affect the calculated allowable release rates.			

		Calculation showing peak runoff rate after development for the 10-year and 100-year return period 24-hour storms do not exceed the respective allowable release runoff rates.		
		Location, size, and dimensions of all existing streams to be maintained, and new		
		drainage systems such as culverts, bridges, storm sewers, conveyance channels, and		
		100-year overflow paths/ponding areas shown as hatched areas, along with the		
		associated easements.		
		Locations where stormwater may be directly discharged into groundwater, such as		
		abandoned wells or sinkholes. Please note if none exists.		
		Locations of specific points where stormwater discharge will leave the project site.		
		Name of all receiving waters. If the discharge is to a separate municipal storm sewer,		
		identify the name of the municipal operator and the ultimate receiving water.		
		Location, size, and dimensions of features such as permanent retention or detention		
		facilities, including existing or manmade wetlands, used for the purpose of stormwater		
		management. Include existing retention or detention facilities that will be maintained,		
		enlarged, or otherwise altered and new ponds or basins to be built and the basis of their		
		design.		
		The estimated depth and amount of storage required by design of the new ponds or		
		basins.		
		One or more typical cross sections of all existing and proposed channels or other open		
		drainage facilities carried to a point above the 100-year high water and showing the		
		elevation of the existing land and the proposed changes, together with the high water		
		elevations expected from the 100-year storm under the controlled conditions called for by the Ordinance or these Technical Standards, and the relationship of structures, streets,		
		and other facilities		
3. Stormwater Drainage Technical Report				
	A su	mmary report, including the following information:		
		The significant drainage problems associated with the project;		
		The analysis procedure used to evaluate these problems and to propose solutions;		
		Any assumptions or special conditions associated with the use of these procedures,		
		especially the hydrologic or hydraulic methods;		
		The proposed design of the drainage control system; and		
		The results of the analysis of the proposed drainage control system showing that it does		
		solve the project's drainage problems. Any hydrologic or hydraulic calculations or		
		modeling results must be adequately cited and described in the summary description. If		
		hydrologic or hydraulic models are used, the input and output files for all necessary runs		
		must be included in the appendices. A map showing any drainage area subdivisions		
		used in the analysis must accompany the report.		