City of Madison - PWS ID: IN5239006 **Annual Water Quality Report** The Madison Water Department is proud to present its Annual Water Quality Report for 2022. The purpose of this report is to raise your understanding of drinking water and increase the public's awareness of the need to protect drinking water resources. This report includes a description of Madison's water system, our treatment methods, and the results of water quality testing that was performed from January 1 through December 31, 2022. The Madison Water Department is proud of its record of providing high quality water to its customers. In order to ensure that our water is safe to drink, we conduct regular sampling for different contaminants. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) have established limits for these contaminants. During the 2022 calendar year, as in previous years, there were no violations of any of these standards in the Madison water system. Drinking Water Sources, Treatment Methods and Distribution System The Madison Water Dept. obtains all of its water from seven wells. Nearly 800 million gallons of water was pumped from the wells in 2022. In accordance with Indiana State law, the Madison Water Dept. has prepared a Wellhead Protection Program to ensure the safety of these wells. The Phase III Wellhead Protection plan was approved by IDEM in 2013. A source water assessment was performed by IDEM in 2006, and their work indicated that Madison's wellfields have a high susceptibility to potential sources of contamination. This rating reflects local geology, the number of potential contaminant sources located within the wellhead protection area (such as abandoned gas stations), and the types of contaminants associated with those potential sources. Copies of this assessment are available by contacting Madison's Utility Billing office at (812) 265-8312. The raw water from the wells is treated with chlorine for disinfection, and fluoride to prevent tooth decay. The treated water is distributed through approximately 120 miles of water main pipes for delivery to over 6,200 customers. This distribution system also includes six storage tanks that have a total capacity of 3.9 million gallons. Because the Madison Water Dept. sells water to a number of rural water systems that surround the City, we estimate that our wells provide water to a total population of over 20,000 people. **Potential Sources of Drinking Water Contamination** While groundwater wells such as Madison's are a generally safer and more reliable source of drinking water than surface water sources such as rivers and lakes, all types of source water can be exposed to different contaminants. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material. It may also pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: * Microbial Contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife. * Inorganic Contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming. * Pesticides and Herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses. [®] Organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and also can come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems. * Radioactive Contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. * In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, IDEM and the EPA prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Federal Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health. All drinking water sources, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about such contaminants and their potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791 TEST RESULTS Range Highest Level Sample Contaminants MCLG MCL Violation **Typical Source** Detected Low High Date **Disinfectants & Disinfectant By-Products** 2022 Chlorine (ppm) 4 4 1 1 N Water additives used to control microbes. Haloacetic Acids (HAAS5) (ppb) N/A 60 3 0 4.95 2022 N By-product of drinking water disinfection. 2022 Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) (ppb) N/A 80 9 3.53 26.7N By-product of drinking water disinfection. **Inorganic Contaminants** Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes 4 0.538 2020 Ν 4 0.863 0.863 Fluoride (ppm) strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer & aluminum factories. Runoff from fertilizer use: Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen) (ppm) 10 10 3 2.09 3.01 2022 Ν Erosion of natural deposits. Discharge from petroleum & metal refineries; Erosion of 50 50 1.8 1.7 1.8 2020 Ν Selenium (ppb)

natural deposits; Discharge from mines **Radioactive Contaminants** Gross alpha excluding radon and Erosion of natural deposits. -0.27 2021 N 0 15 1.4 1.4 uranium (pCi/L) Volatile Organic Contaminants cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (ppb) 70 70 1.1 2021 Ν Discharge from industrial chemical factories. 0 1.1 # Sites Sample MCLG AL 90th Percentile Violation Contaminants **Typical Source** Over AL Date Lead and Copper Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Copper (ppm) 1.3 1.3 0.204 0 2020 Ν Corrosion of household plumbing systems Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural Lead (ppb) 0 15 3.13 0 2020 Ν deposits **Terms and Definitions** ug/L: Number of micrograms in one liter of water MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L) MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. ppb: parts per billion, or milligrams per liter (ug/L) pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity) AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a N/A: not applicable ND: not detected water system must follow. NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: Th elevel of a or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. contaminant in drinking water below which there is no knowr MRDL: Maximum residual disinfection level: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. safety. MNR: Monitored Not Regulated MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level Variances & Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.

Special Health Information

Some people may be more vulnerable to certain contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA and CDC (Centers for Disease Control) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Lead in Drinking Water

"If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Madison Water Dept. is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead."

How to Contact Us

For more information about this report, please call the Madison Utility Manager, Brian Jackson at (812) 265-8326. You can also email your questions to utilitymanager@madison-in.gov.

Customers may also attend Madison's Board of Public Works and Safety meetings. These public meetings are held at Madison City Hall (101 West Main Street) on the first and third Mondays of every month at 11:30 a.m.

Water Information Sources

City of Madison:

www.madison-in.gov

Indiana Department of Environmental Management:

www.in.gov/idem

United States Environmental Protection Agency:

www.epa.gov/safewater

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention:

www.cdc.gov

American Water Works Association:

www.awwa.org

Water Quality Association:

www.wqa.org

Safe Drinking Water Hotline: (800) 426-4791

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